

PILOT ROTATIONAL FALLOWING PROGRAM Andrew Craddock, CAGRD November 14, 2017

- New development in Arizona's large metropolitan areas must comply with Assured Water Supply Program requirements that are among the most stringent in the county.
- Membership in the CAGRD provides a mechanism for entities lacking renewable water supplies, but with reliable groundwater supplies to adhere to consistency with AMA goals requirement.



CAGRD Relationship to CAWCD

- The CAGRD is a special function of CAWCD (same legal entity) and responsible for replenishing members groundwater pumping.
- CAGRD and CAP serve the same constituents
 Maricopa, Pima and Pinal county residents
- Members pay entire costs of CAGRD membership



CAGRD members include:

- Water users without CAP subcontracts
- Water users with CAP subcontracts insufficient to meet their needs
- CAP subcontractors without direct access to CAP water

Two types of CAGRD members:

- Member Service Areas (MSAs): municipalities and private water companies
- Member Lands (MLs): individual subdivisions and masterplanned developments



- CAGRD members annually report "excess" groundwater use to CAGRD and to ADWR
- Members pay CAGRD assessments based on amount of "excess" groundwater reported
- CAGRD uses member assessments and fees to purchase renewable water supplies to replenish the aquifer
 - CAGRD's only "delivery customer" is the aquifer



2017/2018 CAGRD Member Land Assessment Rate

Acre-Foot Assessment Rate Components (Phoenix AMA)				
Water & Replenishment	\$214			
Administrative	\$36			
Infrastructure & Water Rights	\$353			
Replenishment Reserve	\$101			
Total Assessment (\$/AF)	\$704			
Annual Membership Due (\$/Lot)				
Phoenix AMA	\$22.63			
Pinal AMA	\$14.88			
Tucson AMA	\$23.58			



CAGRD's Water Supply Program (WSP) is responsible for acquiring water supplies to meet its member's replenishment obligation

22 water supply acquisitions to date: Long-Term Storage Credits, effluent, CAP M&I and NIApriority water, plus Quartzsite lease



CAGRD's Water Supply Program – Recent History

- March 2011: CAWCD Board authorized staff to conduct a Water Supply Acquisition Study
- May 2012: Board directed CAWCD management to implement a more robust CAGRD WSP
- October 2013: CAWCD Board of Director's approved amended WSP Principles resolution.



CAGRD's Water Supply Program Principles

- Acquire a diverse water supply portfolio through voluntary, mutually-beneficial market-based transactions
- Portfolio diversity has two distinct benefits:
 - I) Risk reduction of supply interruptions (i.e., shortage) associated with any single or dominant water supply type
 - 2) Reduces impact to the geographic area from which any single supply is acquired
 - Assess third-party impacts to local community



CAGRD: Current and Projected Obligations

30,922 AF 2016 Obligation

86,900 AF 2034 Projected Obligation

113,000 AF 2114 Projected Obligation 22 Authorized Acquisition Projects

> 38,166 AF Current Supplies*

> > *Not Firmed



Typical CAGRD Subdivision





Typical CAGRD Subdivision







"Atypical" CAGRD Subdivision





Yuma Mesa Irrigation & Drainage District Pilot Rotational Fallowing Program



YMIDD/Reclamation Demonstration Program

- 2008 2010 YMIDD participated in a Reclamation Demonstration Program for System Conservation of Colorado River water
 - Federal budget issues
 - ➤ "Baseline" issues
 - Water savings stipulation of 7AF/acre
 - Did not quantify or confirm water savings



YMIDD/CAWCD Fallowing Program Objectives

- "Proof of concept" that voluntary, mutually beneficial, temporary agriculture to urban water transfers are possible
- Develop data, methodologies and processes to inform a future longer-term water supply fallowing program
- Obtain annual conserved water quantification volume
- Prove that mutually beneficial, willing seller / willing buyer, temporary agriculture to urban water transfers are possible (i.e., proof of concept)



- Entitlement holder voluntarily agrees to forego the use of a portion of the approved annual entitlement of Colorado River water
- Conservation savings quantified based upon the foregone beneficial water use that would otherwise have occurred
- Annual conserved water volume was retained in Lake Mead



YMIDD & CAGRD Pilot Program

- September 2013: CAWCD Board approves the pilot program
- > Two 3 year terms (2014-2016; 2017-2019)
 - Parties re-evaluated in 2016 & did not renew second term
- Total fallowed acres approximately 1,500; approximately10% of current irrigated acres within YMIDD
- Farmers paid to fallow lands that would otherwise be farmed



YMIDD & CAGRD Pilot Program

- "Qualified Land" must have produced crops in 4 of the last 5 years (2009 – 2013), at least 5 contiguous acres, minimum ownership of 35 acres and would be irrigated if not enrolled in the program
- Scale: Enrollment capped at 15.7% of total irrigated acres for most landowners (approx. 10% for large landowners) or 1,500 acres
- Base Price = \$750/AC; District Reimbursement = \$21.36/AC; District Administration = \$10,000/YR
 Total Program Payments = \$3.345 Million
 Approximate \$/AF = \$155/AF



Water Savings Quantification

Forgone Consumptive Crop Water Use:

- Crop mapping: Develop crop mapping from years 2010 – 2013; visited the district and recorded field and crop information using a GPS and current satellite imagery
- Determine consumptive crop water use by the crops identified in the mapping
- Used app to efficiently verify bi-annual program compliance



Water Savings Quantification

Forgone Consumptive Crop Water Use:

- The south Yuma AZMET station was used for daily reference evapotranspiration (Eto) values for the years of interest
- Crop coefficients and durations of growth stages were taken from chapter 6 of U.N. FAO Irrigation and Drainage Paper No. 56
- Irrigation efficiencies, distribution uniformity and conveyance losses assumed based on in field observations and published documentation, i.e., University of Arizona publications, extension bulletins, etc.





Water Savings Quantification

YMIDD PILOT FALLOWING PROGRAM				
	2014	2015	2016	
Enrolled Acres	1,406	1,411	1,400	
Conserved Water		·	·	
(AF)	6,827	7,180	7,509	
AF/ACRE	4.86	5.09	5.36	



Pilot Fallowing Program Benefits

- Provides a stable revenue stream for YMIDD farmers with limited impact on current farming operations
- Avoids permanent loss of productive agricultural land and avoids or minimizes any adverse local economic impact
- > Enhances existing rotational farming practices
- Serves an agronomic benefit by allowing a longer rest-rotation than normal practice; reduced soil pests and increased yields



Pilot Fallowing Program Benefits

- Allows CAGRD to develop data, methodologies and processes to inform a future longer-term term water supply fallowing program
- Developed working relationship with on-river entitlement holders
- Conserved water supply retained in Lake Mead helped to avoid shortages to water users in Arizona and the Lower Basin









Additional Resources

- <u>http://www.cagrd.com/water-supply-program</u>
- <u>http://www.cagrd.com/water-supply-program/agreements-and-acquisitions</u>
- <u>http://www.cap-az.com/documents/meetings/2017-10-19/1653-3-YMIDD-web.pdf</u>



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