Planning for Water Resilience: Strategic Investment in Green and Traditional Infrastructure

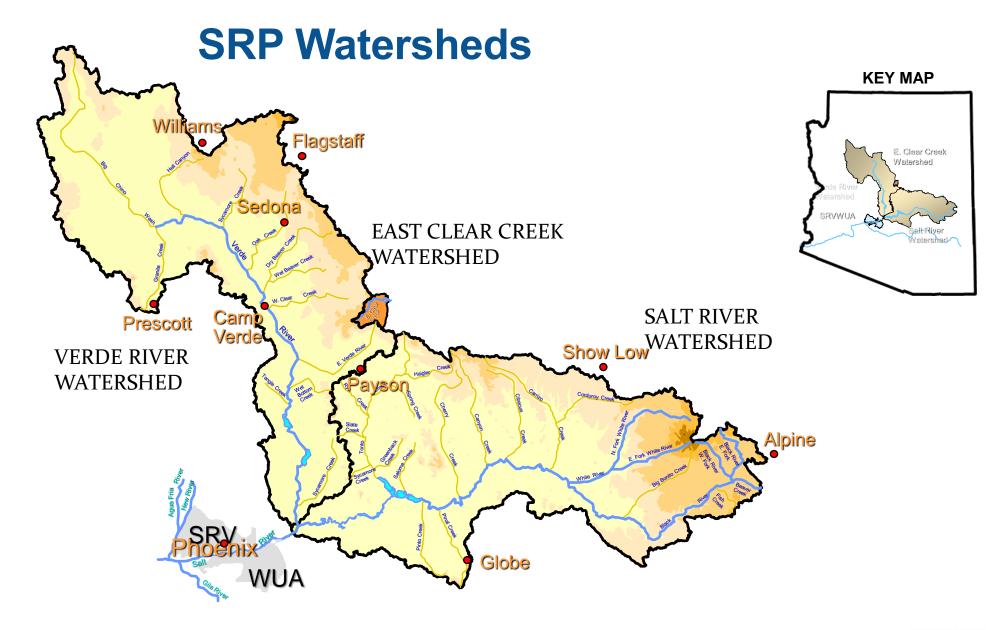
Elvy Barton, Manager, Water & Forest Sustainability Ron Klawitter, Manager, Water System Projects Salt River Project September 11, 2023

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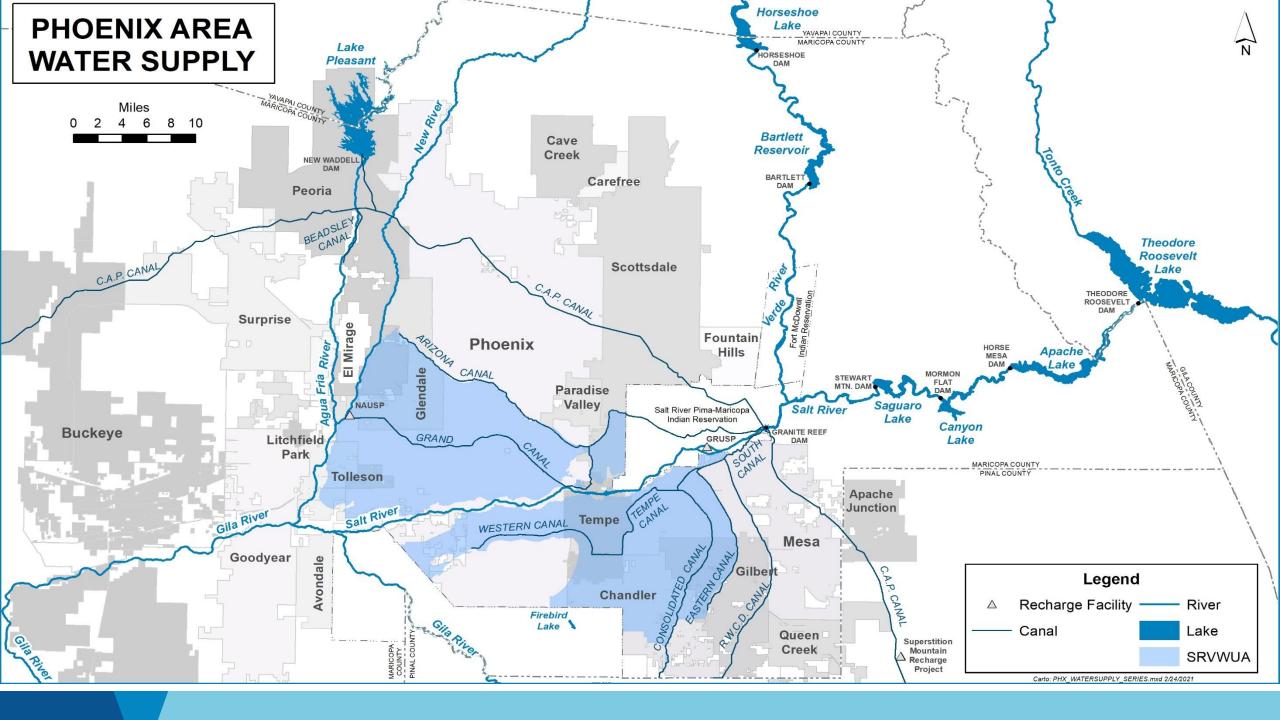
What is SRP?

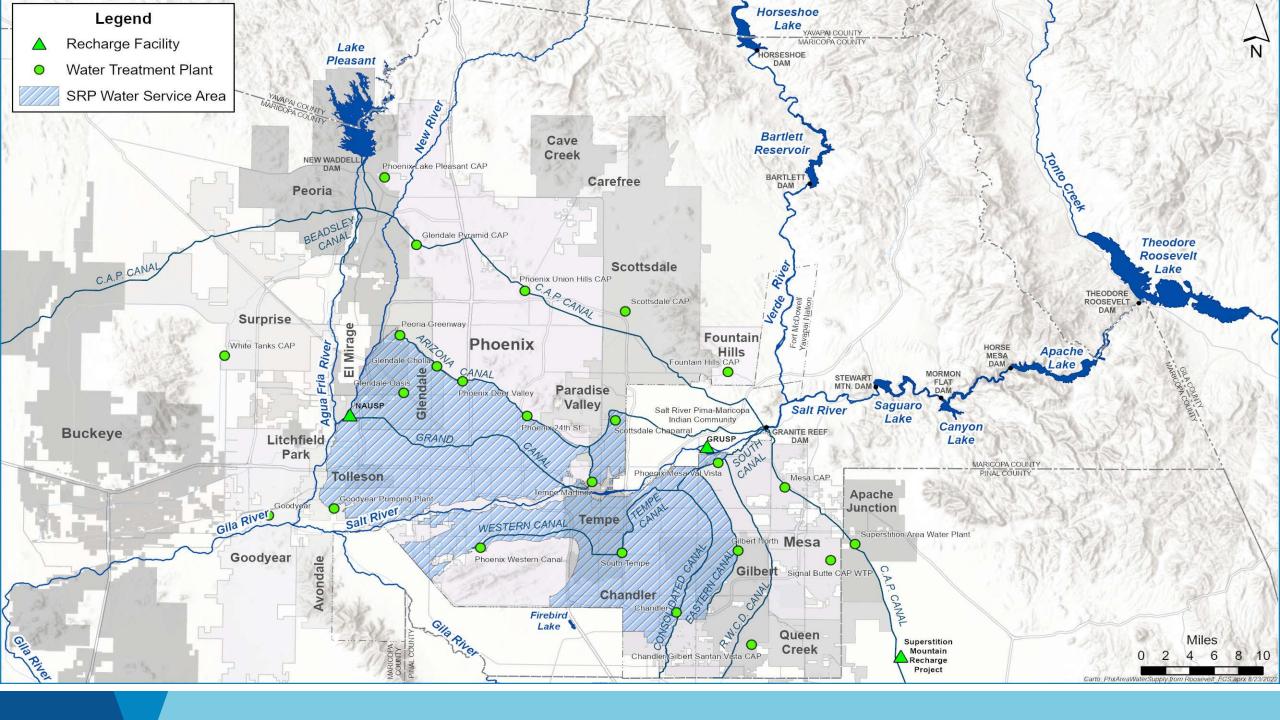
- One of the nation's largest public power utilities
- Provide reliable, affordable water and power to more than
 3 Million people
- The largest raw-water supplier in the Valley, delivering about **800,000** acre-feet of water annually
- Managing a **13,000** square-mile watershed

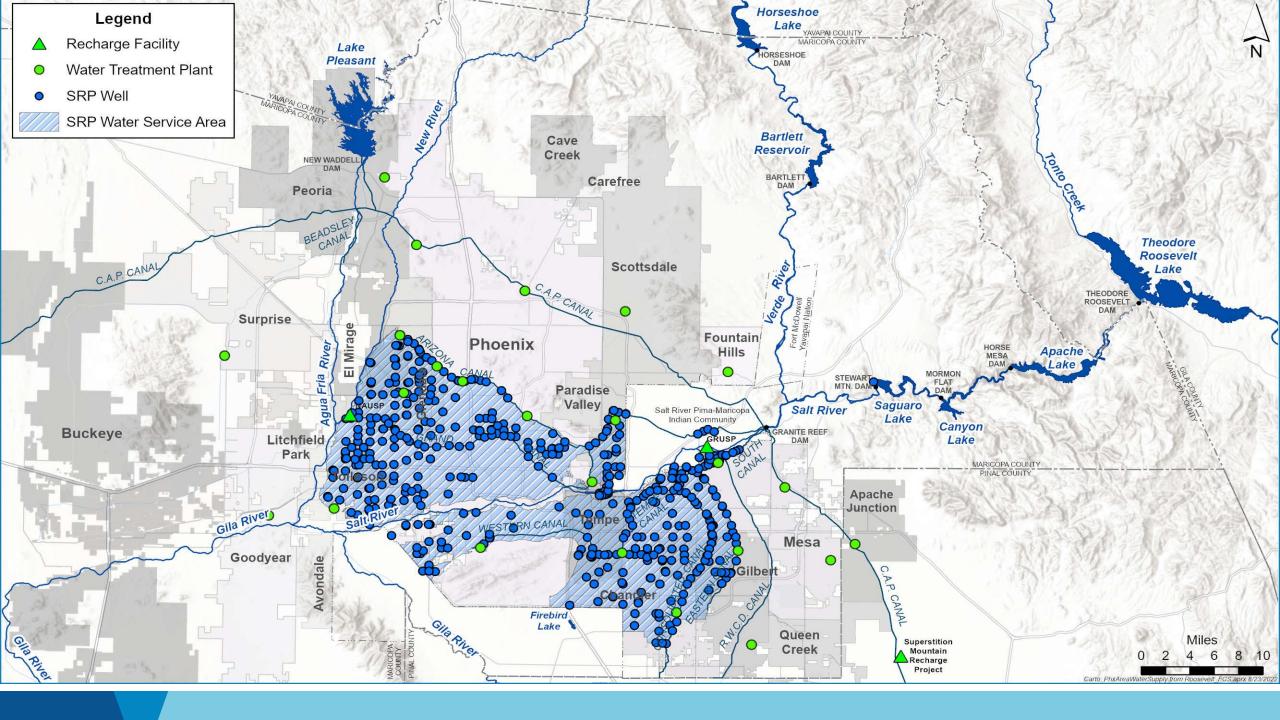




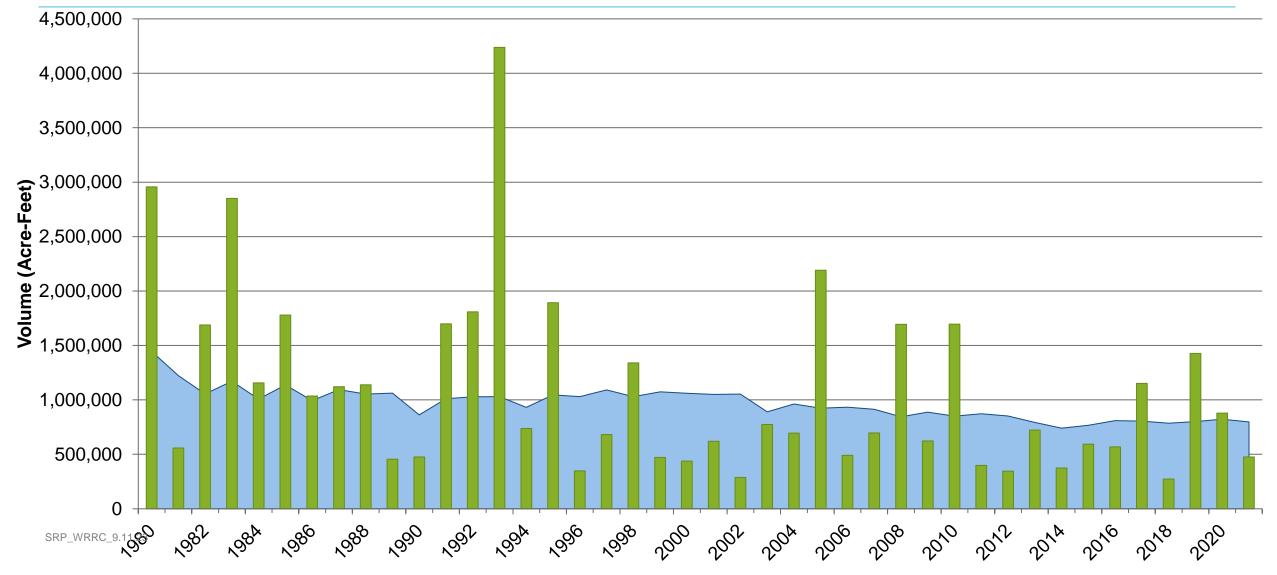








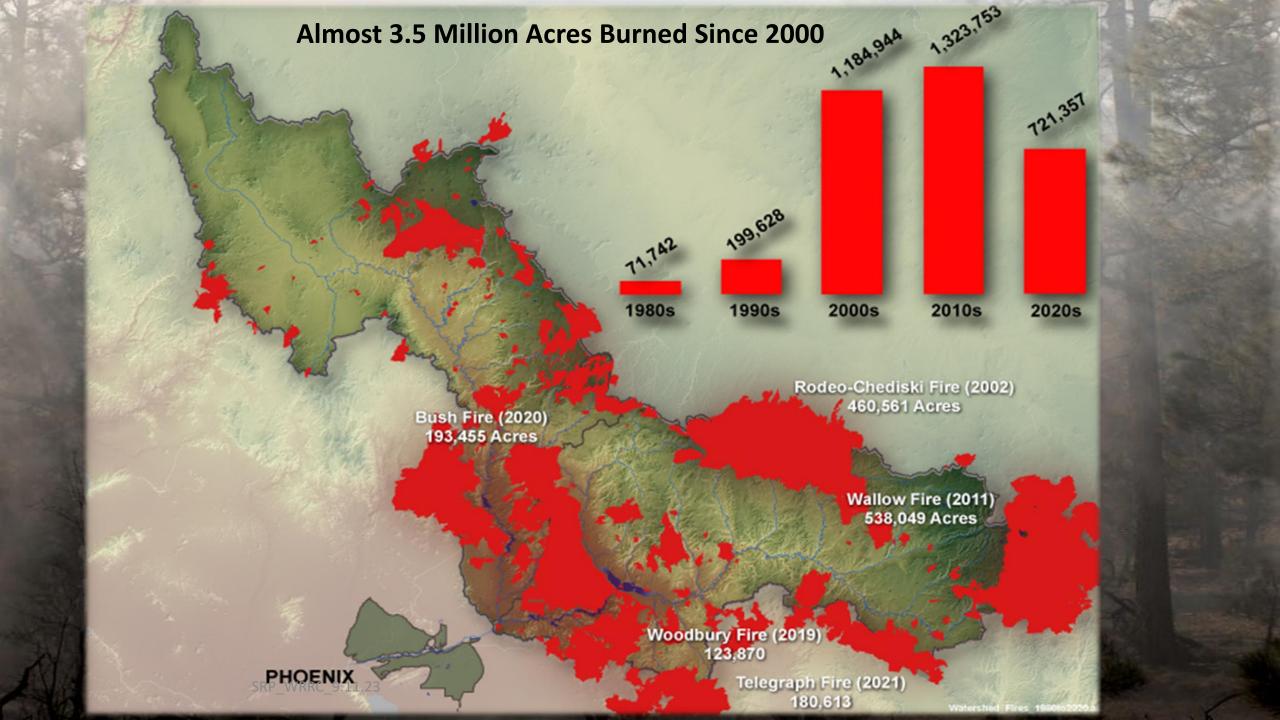
SRP– Creating Resiliency from Variability



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Wildfire Consequences

Community, property and infrastructure damage

- Power and water infrastructure damage or outages
- Post-wildfire flooding
- Water quality degradation
- Decreased long-term water storage (sedimentation)
- Carbon and air pollution emissions
- Wildlife and habitat loss
- Vegetation, seed bank, and soil loss

SRP Partnerships

Partners

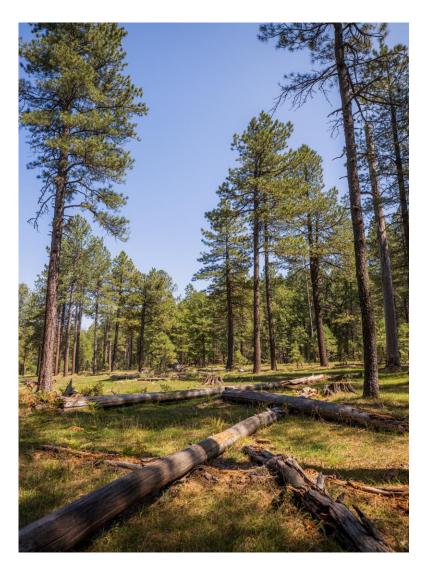
- Federal Agencies
 - Three National Forests 87,000 acres
- Arizona Tribes
- State Agencies
- County and Cities
- Wildlife Organizations
- Conservation Organizations
- SRP Customers



SRP_WRRC_9.11.23

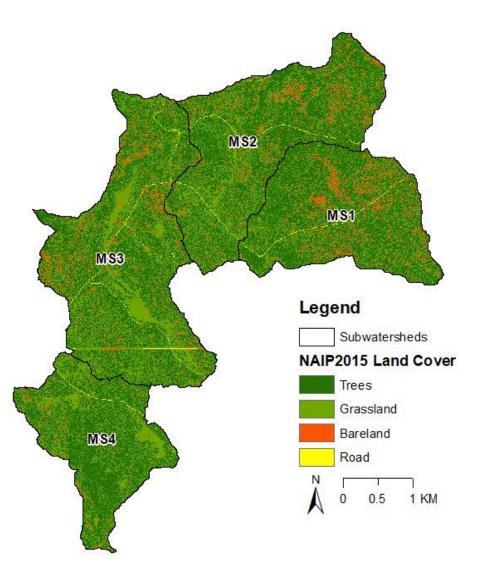
Watershed Hydrologic Model Overview and Purpose

- Active Forest Management improves hydrologic conditions
- Past research relies on implementing treatments and then monitoring
- New approach taken by SRP ASU:
 - Estimates hydrologic benefits before treatments begin
 - Hydrologic estimates for water stored in the soil and streamflow
 - Uses various remote sensing technology and proprietary SRP Flowtography[®] data



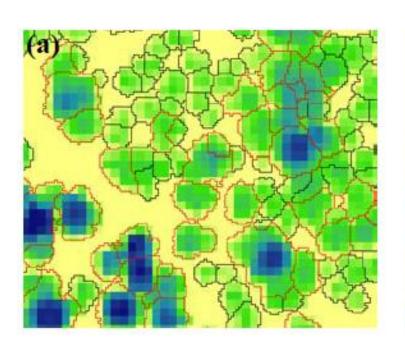
Watershed Hydrologic Model Process

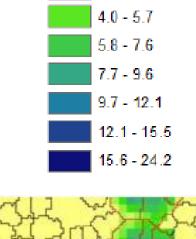
- Inputs:
 - Terrain including watershed boundaries, streams, gauges
 - Land cover
 - Soils and soil saturation
 - Hydrometeorological variables including precipitation, temperature, wind, solar radiation, soil moisture, discharge
- Model Testing
 - Compared model runs to SRP Flowtography® images and data
- Model ready to cut trees! SRP_WRRC_9.11.2

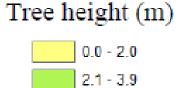


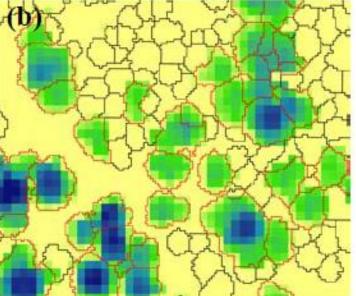
Watershed Hydrologic Model Process Continued

- Modeling tree removal
 - Used Forest Service prescriptions aka "Rules"
 - Used various remote sensing tools to classify trees into groups
- Developed three thinning scenarios
 - Heavy Thinning (HT)
 - Light Thinning (LT)
 - Prescribed Thinning (PT)

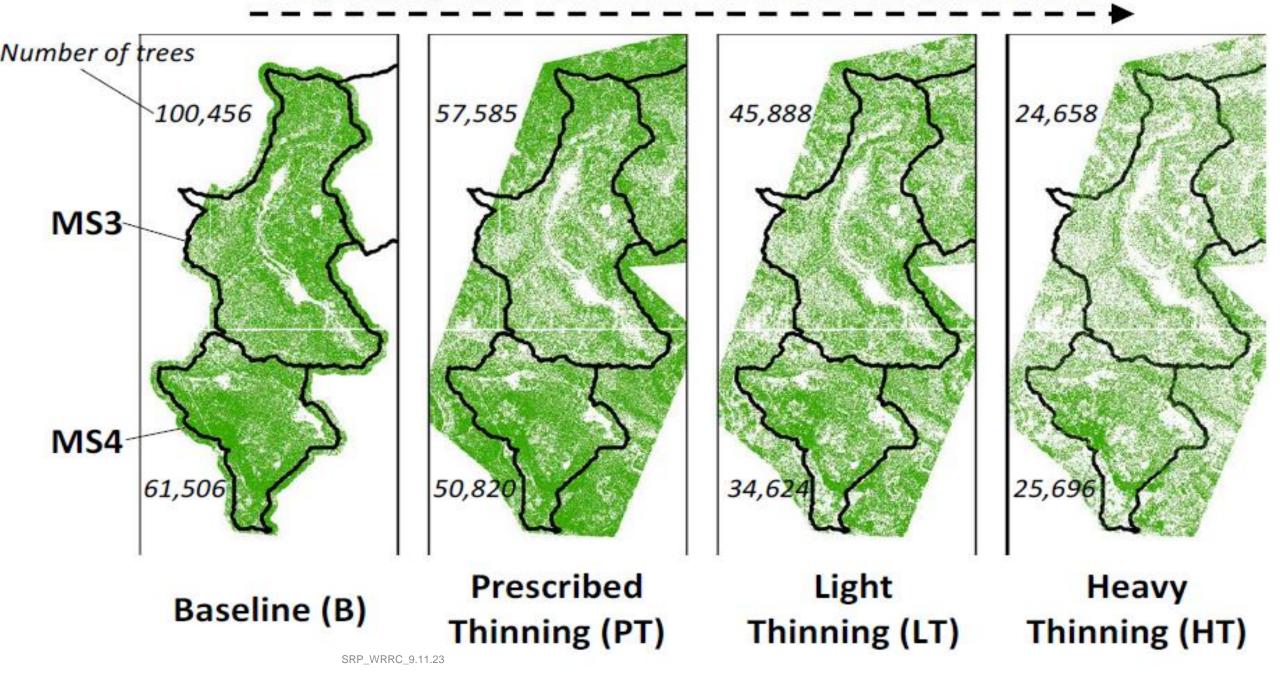






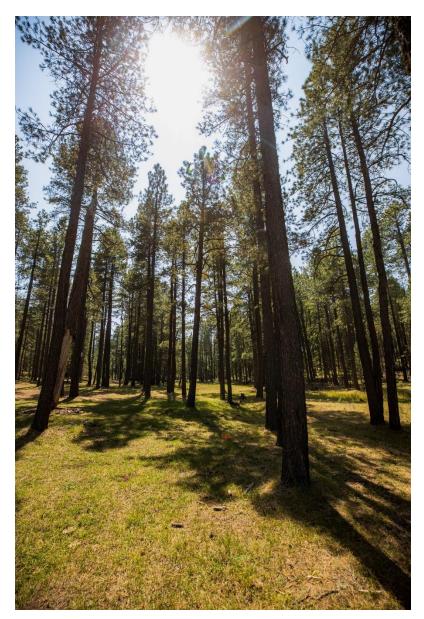


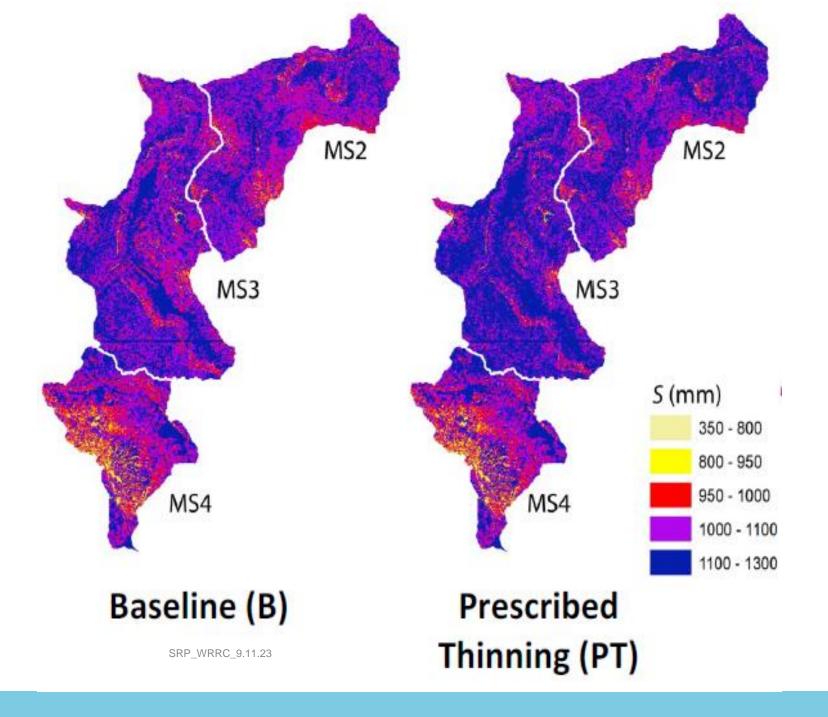
Progressively more Ponderosa Pine trees removed from LiDAR



Watershed Hydrologic Model Results

- More thinning = increases in water stored in soils and streamflow
- Creates a one-time immediate hydrologic response
- Model results based on the Prescribed Thinning Scenario:
 - Middle Sycamore 2: 80.3 acre-feet
 - Middle Sycamore 3: 137.1 acre-feet
 - Middle Sycamore 4: 19.3 acre-feet
- Largest contributor is Middle Sycamore 3 due to large area and higher thinning
- 59% of the benefit is water stored in the soil
- Final Result: thinning 3,467 acres creates a 236.7 acre-feet hydrologic responsesing the Sycamore area

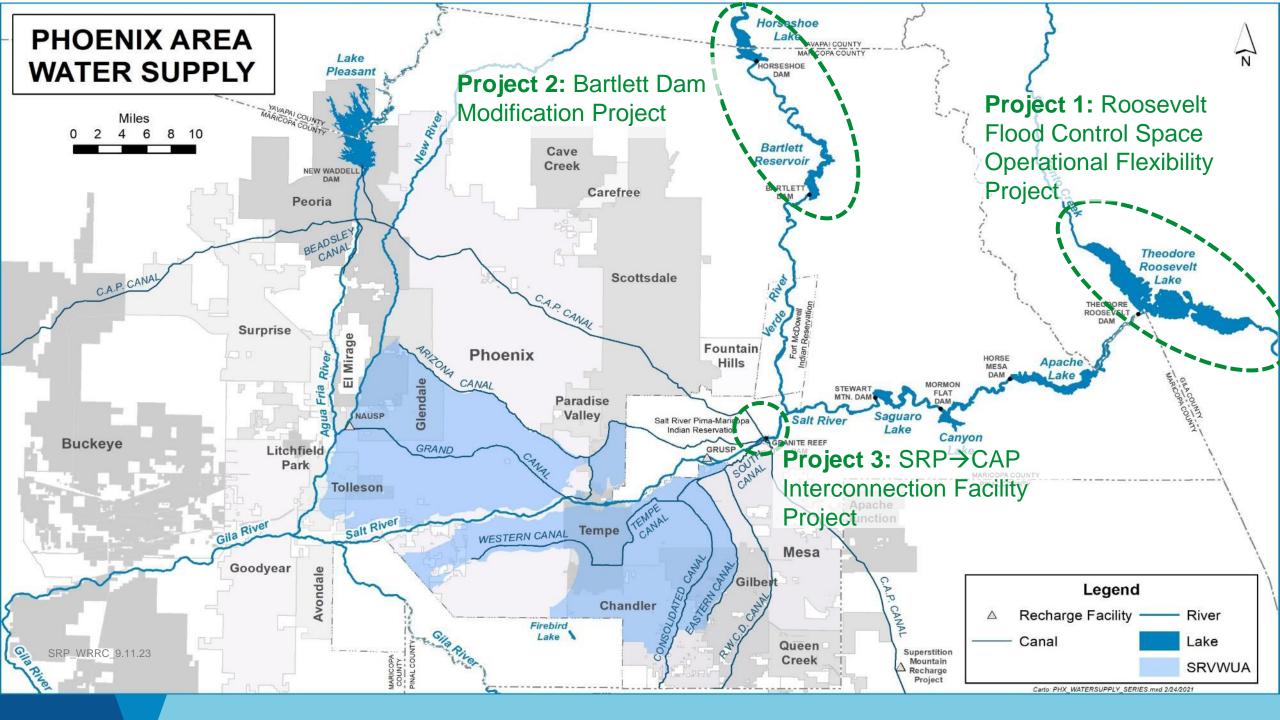




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Reservoir Inflows – 2023 Winter Runoff Season

Jan - May Reservoir Inflows:

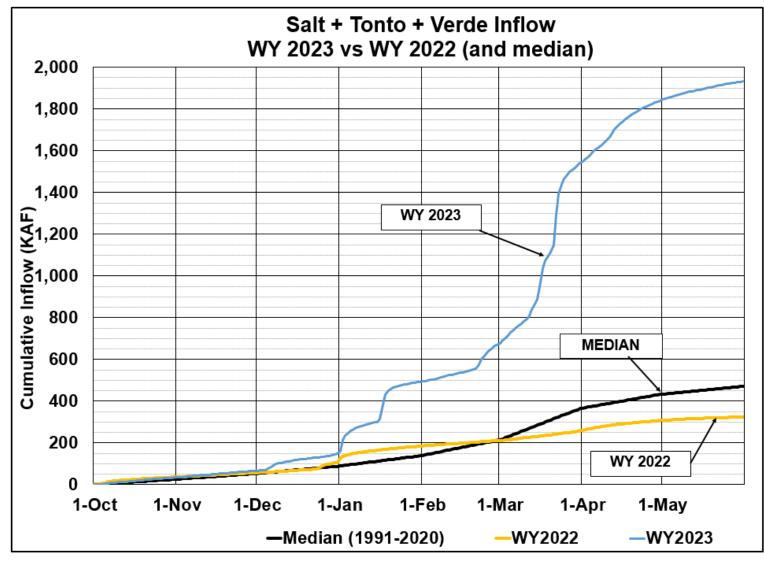
Total SRP reservoir inflow:

- 2023: 1,800,000 AF (~400% of median)
- 2022: 217,000 AF (~55% of median)

Peak March 22 Storm Inflows:

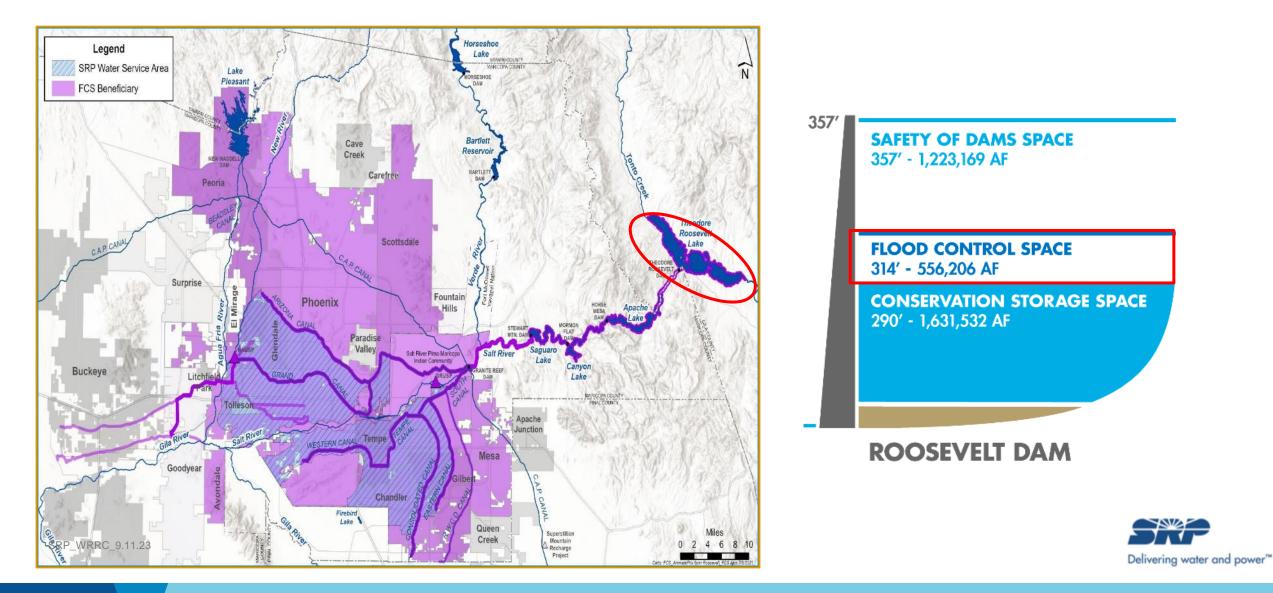
- Salt River 29,000 cfs (highest since 2010)
- Tonto Creek 26,000 cfs (highest since 2010)
- Verde River 68,000 cfs (highest since 1995)
- March Runoff 877,000 AF (3rd highest on record)



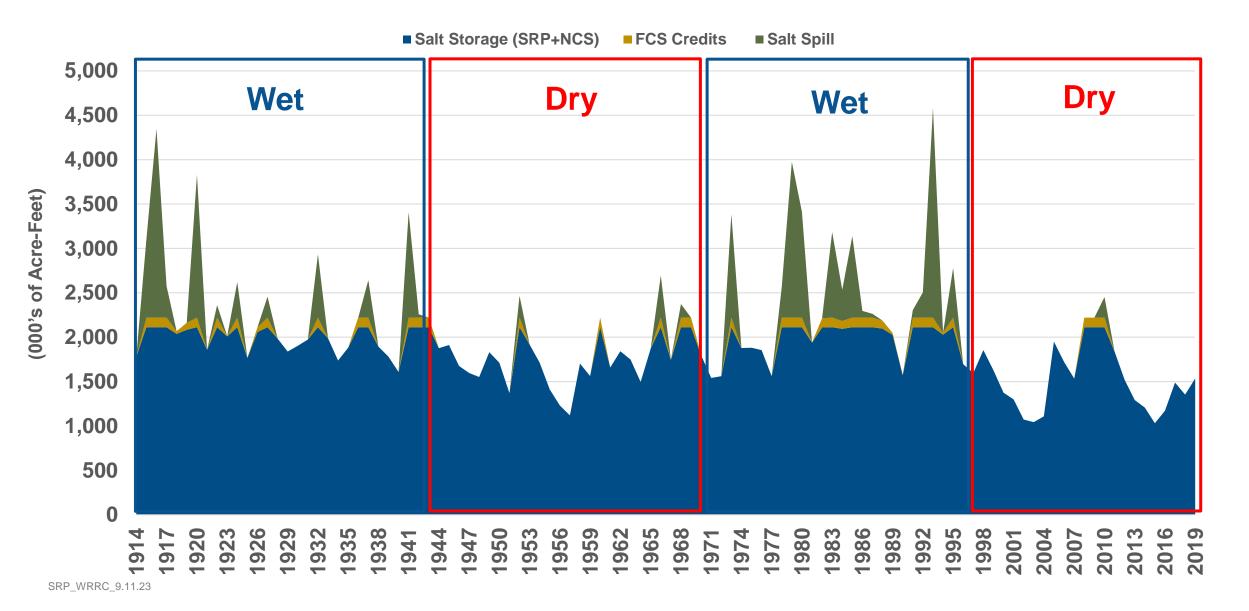


Roosevelt FCS Operational Flexibility Project

Roosevelt Flood Control Space Operational Flexibility Project

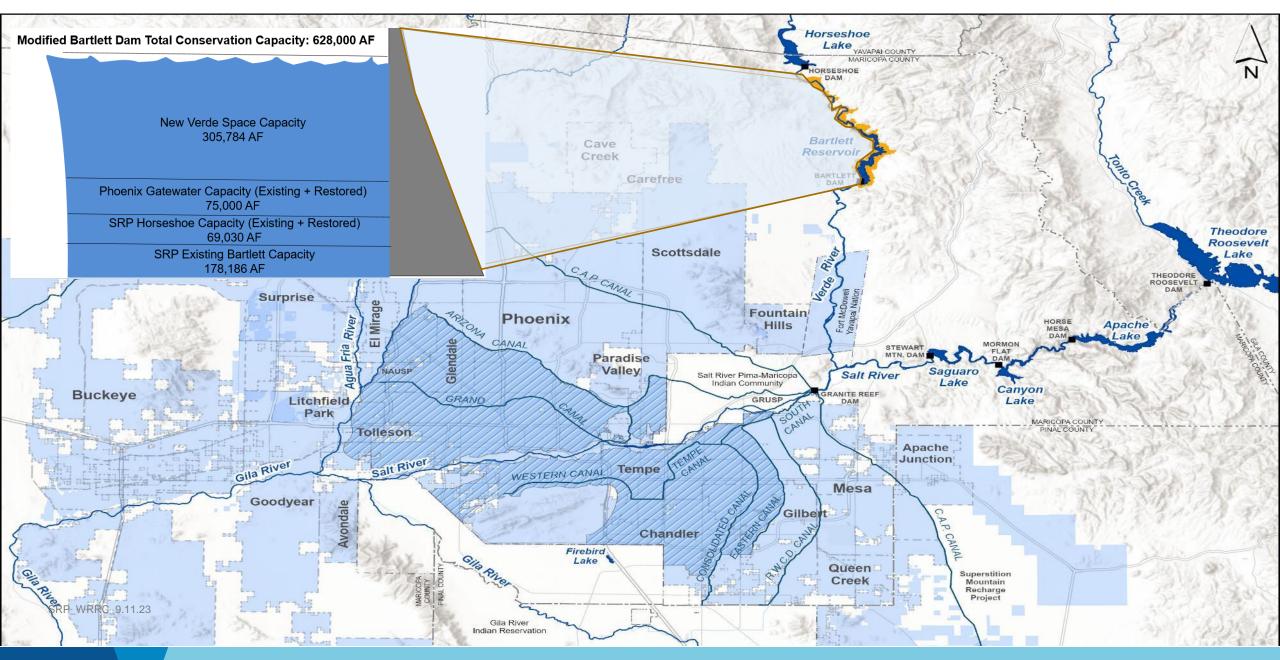


Salt River Water Yield with Improved Flood Ops (climate adjusted)

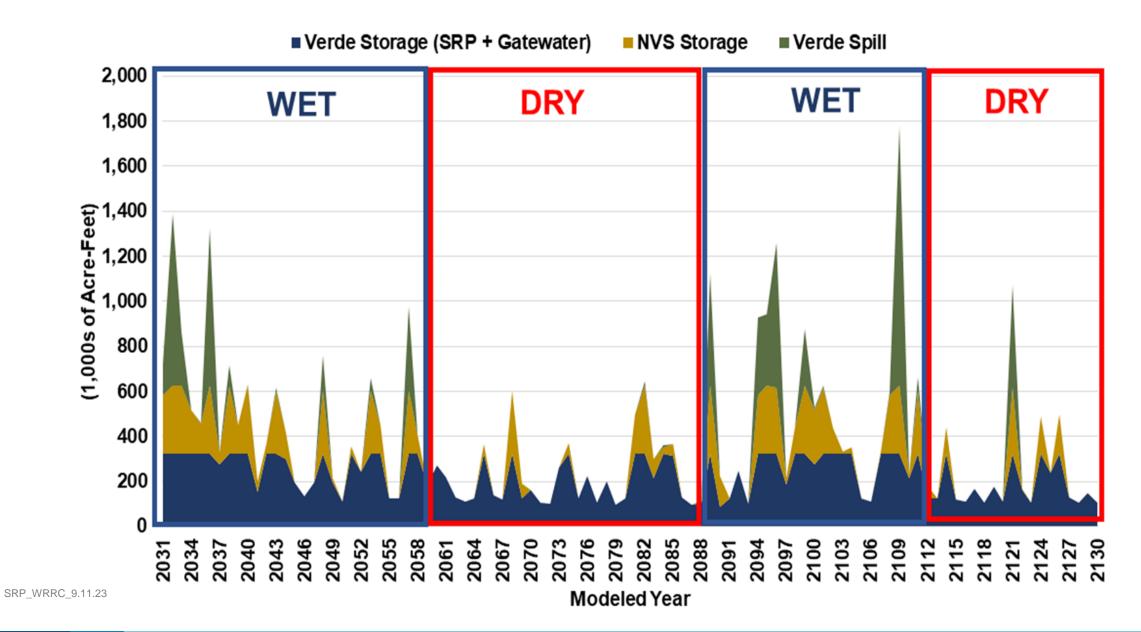


Bartlett Dam Modification Project

Bartlett Dam Modification Feasibility Study Partners



Verde River Water Yield with Modified Bartlett Dam (climate adjusted)



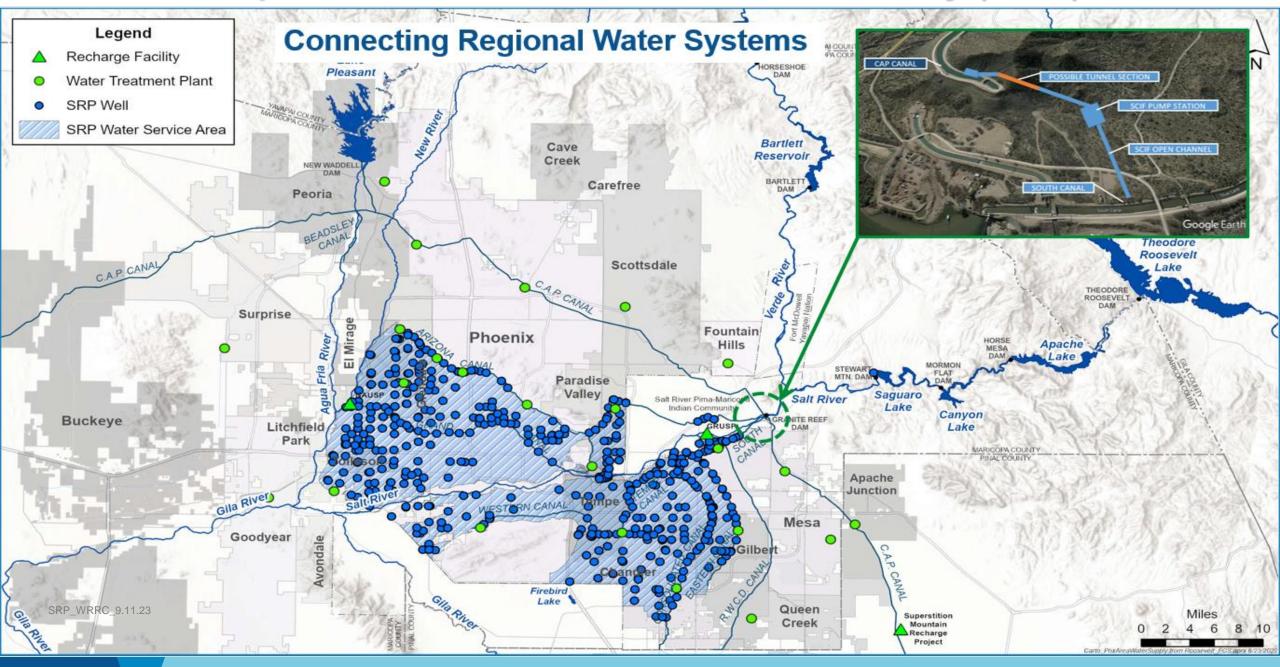
SRP-CAP Interconnection Facility (SCIF) Project

SRP-CAP Interconnection Facility (SCIF) Background



Jointly funded project to move non-project water stored in SRP reservoirs and underground storage facilities through the CAP canal

Proposed SRP-CAP Interconnection Facility (SCIF)



Questions