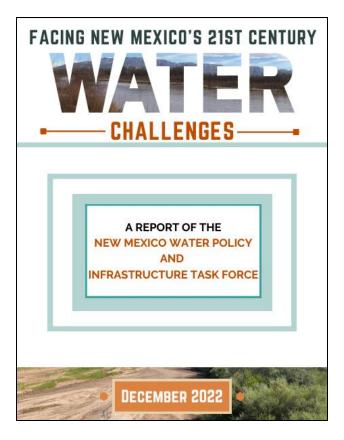
An Update on the Rio Grande and Water in New Mexico

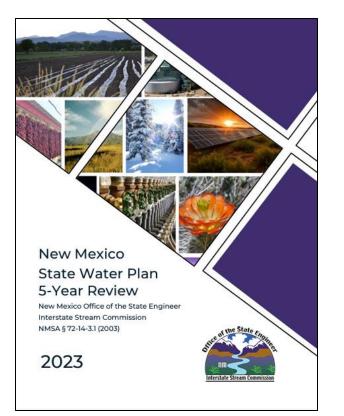
Tanya Trujillo, Deputy State Engineer New Mexico Office of the State Engineer & Interstate Stream Commission

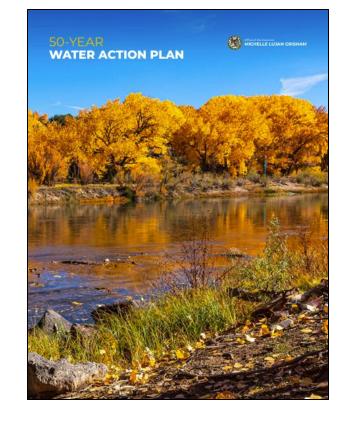
May 20, 2025



New Mexico Office of the State Engineer & Interstate Stream Commission (OSE/ISC)







2022 Water Policy and Infrastructure Task Force

- 17 Recommendations
- 106 strategies
- Multi-year phased implementation

2023 State Water Plan Review

- Provides updates since 2018 Plan
- Recommends investing in revitalized regional water planning

2024 Governor Lujan Grisham's 50-Year Water Action Plan

- Water Conservation
- New Water Supplies
- Water and Watershed Protection

Addressing Challenges to Water Management

NEW MEXICO'S WATER FUTURE:

Scientists predict over the next 50 years...

New Mexico will have approximately 25% less water available in rivers and aquifers 6



 \diamond

Historical weather patterns, including precipitation, will change significantly

New Mexico will be hotter and drier

There will be more significant weather events, such as fires, flooding and drought

Without action, New Mexico will not have enough water to meet our needs

-25%

Within the next 50 years New Mexico will have a shortage of 750,000 acre feet of water Conservation, protection of existing water resources and development of new water resources will be required to meet this shortfall

50-Year Water Action Plan (50YWAP): 11 Priority Actions

WHAT WE ARE DOING TO INCREASE WATER SECURITY:

50-Year Water Action Plan.

The Water Plan actions will help address the reality of a reduced supply in the future.

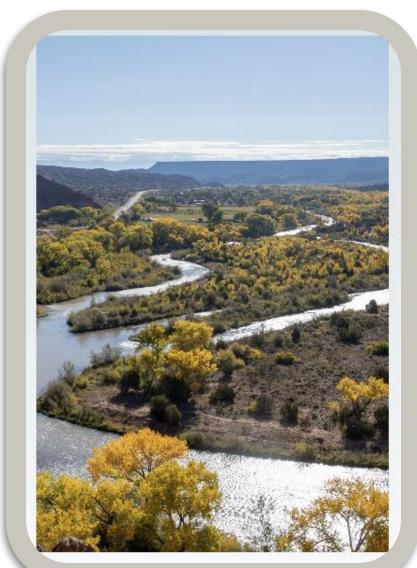
Water Conservation EST. IMPACT: 660,000 AF PER YEAR	 A1 Develop a public education campaign A2 Incentivise agricultural water conservation 	 A3 Reduce leaks in drinking water infrastructure and increase municipal conservation A4 Improve water storage and delivery systems
EST. IMPACT: I50,000 AF PER YEAR	and wastewater treatment	B3 Improve groundwater mapping and monitoring
Water and Watershed Protection	 C] Cleanup contaminated groundwater sites C2 Protect surface water by 	C3 Modernize wastewater treatment plants and stormwater infrastructure
	controlling pollution through a discharge permitting program	C4 Protect and restore watersheds

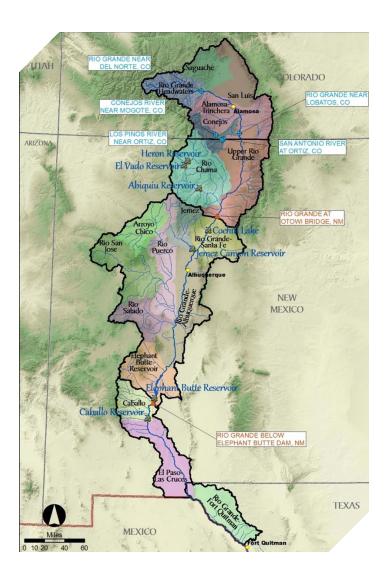
We must ensure that future generations of New Mexicans have:

- a secure water supply,
- resilient watersheds, and
- thriving local economies.

50YWAP: Built on Foundation of Ongoing Efforts

- Advancing **Indian water rights settlements** to build on the strong progress made in recent years to negotiate and implement agreements that resolve outstanding claims and secure water supplies for more communities
- Implementing the Land of Enchantment Legacy Fund
- Continued funding and reforms for the Water Trust Board
- Improving opportunities for communities to leverage capital outlay funding to complete water projects
- Implementing the New Mexico Water Data Act
- Broader investments in local capacity building and the water workforce
- Advancing regionalization approaches that increase critical capacity for managing drinking water and wastewater systems, including through the **Regional Water System Resiliency Act** of 2023
- Robust regional water planning to implement the Water Security Planning Act of 2023





► Eight (8) major reservoirs in the Rio Grande Basin in New Mexico:

- Heron Reservoir Post-Compact, San Juan Chama Project
- **El Vado Reservoir Post-Compact**
- Abiquiu Reservoir Post-Compact, Middle Rio Grande Project
- Cochiti Reservoir Post-Compact, Middle Rio Grande Project
- Galisteo Reservoir Post-Compact, Middle Rio Grande Project
- Jemez Reservoir -Post-Compact, Middle Rio Grande Project
- Elephant Butte Reservoir Pre-Compact, Rio Grande Project
- Caballo Reservoir Post- Compact, Canalization Project, Compact storage restrictions not applicable due to its location.



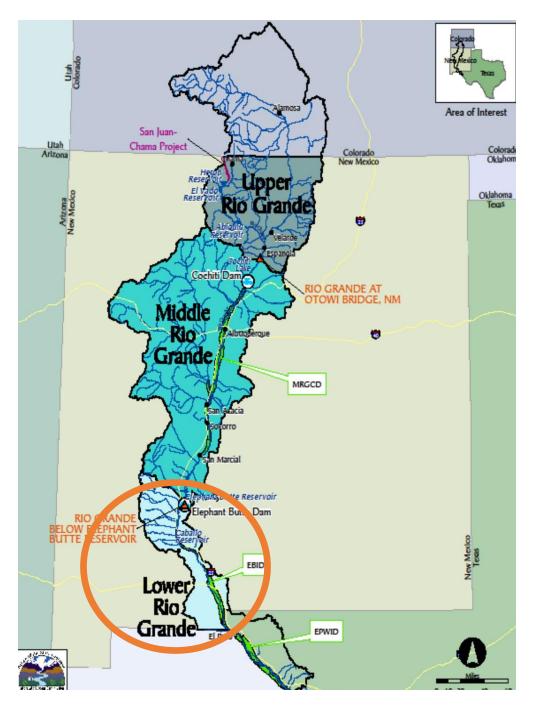
Middle Rio Grande Investments

\$44M in 2023 and 2024 Legislative Sessions is supporting:

- Active Channel Management for Multiple Purposes
 - Conveyance and Habitat
 - Critical Partnerships with Federal Agencies: Reclamation and Army Corps of Engineers
 - Cooperative Agreement with Middle Rio Grande Conservancy District (MRGCD)
- MRGCD's Voluntary Depletion Reduction Program
- Ongoing Delta Channel Maintenance and Sediment Plug Mitigation
- Data, Modeling, and Development of Various Management Tools
 - Low Flow Conveyance Channel

Leverages Federal Funding and Partnerships Need to prepare for: Six Middle Rio Grande Pueblos Water Rights

Six Middle Rio Grande Pueblos Water Rights Negotiations and Settlement More Active Depletions Management



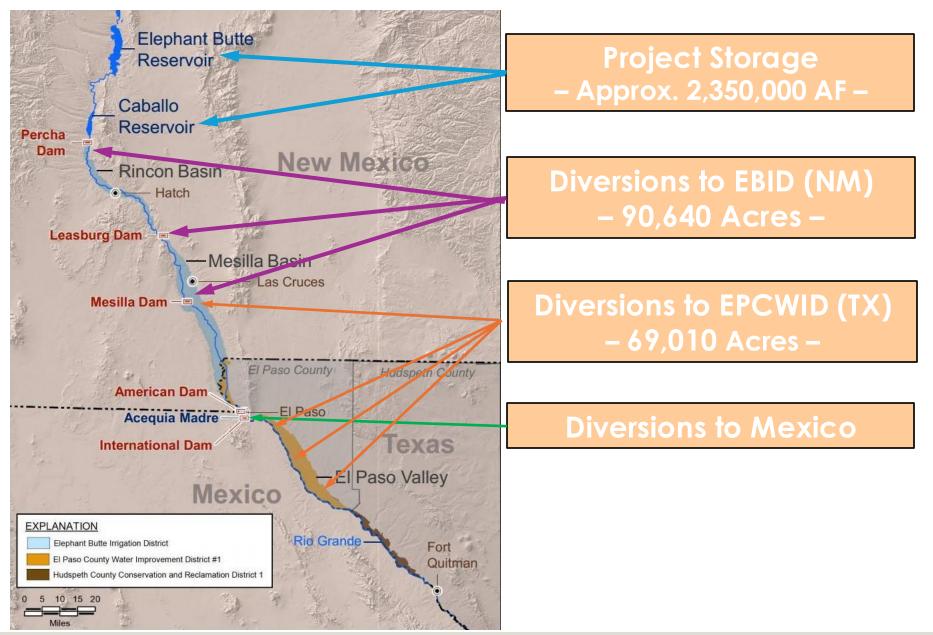
Lower Rio Grande Investments

\$60M+ in 2023 and 2024 Legislative Session is supporting:

- Depletions Management
 - 2023 Groundwater Conservation Program = \$4.6M committed on ~3,000 acres as part of a longer-term groundwater leasing program
 - 2024 enrollment planned
 - Gathering community input towards a potential purchase program
- Implement special projects aquifer recharge, brackish water, water importation, stormwater management
- Engage with local stakeholders to develop suite of long-term solutions
- Cooperative Agreement with Elephant Butte Irrigation District (EBID)
- Building the NMISC/NMOSE Team

Leverages Federal Funding and Partnerships More Active Depletions Management

RIO GRANDE PROJECT



Elephant Butte Dam and Reservoir

- Located on the mainstem of the Rio Grande several miles upstream of Truth or Consequences New Mexico.
- Constructed and operated by Reclamation.
- Completed in 1916 with a storage capacity of about 2,600,000 acre-feet.
- The current capacity is slightly less than 2,000,000 acre-feet.



Provides storage for downstream Rio Grande Project irrigated lands in New Mexico and Texas and delivery of 1906 Treaty flows to the Republic of Mexico. Also produces hydropower.

Many Rio Grande Compact constraints on upstream storage in post-Compact derive from Elephant Butte Reservoir storage Levels.

